

O semantic constraint

The number of Attributes in a Relation is called as : *	1 point
O Degree of a Relation	
O Constraints of a Relation	
O Meta Data of a Relation	
O Cardinality of a Relation	
The capacity to change the conceptual schema without having to change	* 1 point
the external schemas and their application programs.	
O Logical Data Independence	
O Physical Data Independence	
The Architecture of the Database can be viewed as: *	1 point
O Four Levels	
O Two Levels	
O Three Levels	
O One Level	
Values for an attribute of a Tuple is selected from a *	1 point
O Foreign Key	
O Domain	
O Another Relation	
O Database	
In DBMC terminology a Column is : *	1 maint
	i point
O Degree	
O Relation	
() Tuple	
() Attribute	
The number of Rows in a Table is called as :*	1 point
O Degree of a Relation	
O Constraints of a Relation	
O Cardinality of a Relation	
O Meta Data of a Relation	
User responsible for authorizing access to the database is *	1 point
O End User	
O Database Administrator	
O Database Designers	
O System Analysts	
Address Attribute is an example for *	1 point
O Composite Attribute	
Multivalued Attribute	

0	Derived Attribute
0	Simple Attribute
The	relationship type that relates a weak entity type to its owner is called as * 1 point
0	identifying relationship
0	underlying relationship
0	weak relationship
0	binary relationship
The	consolity to change the internal scheme without having to change the
cond	septual schema.
0	Logical Data Independence
0	Physical Data Independence
No T DBM	wo Student Entities can have same USN value. This Statement in $$\star^{1}{\rm point}$$ IS is a:
\bigcirc	Constraint
0	Declaration
0	Meta Data
0	Domain
Ŭ	
In Di	BMS terminology a Row is a : * 1 point
\bigcirc	Degree
0	Relation
0	Tinle
0	Attribute
Ŭ	
The with	capacity to change the schema at one level of a database system * 1 point out having to change the system at the next higher level is:
\bigcirc	Meta Data Independence
0	Data Independence
0	Program Independence
0	Schema Independence
0	
The	Database Schema changes very rarely. * 1 point
0	True
0	False
5	
The calle	actual data stored in a Database at a particular moment of time is * 1 point
0	Extension
0	Meta Data
\sim	Intension
\bigcirc	
0	Database State

O Composite Attribute	
O Multivalued Attribute	
O Derived Attribute	
O Simple Attribute	
The Database State does not change every time the database is updated.	* 1 point
0.7	
- Faise	
The cardinality ratio and participation constraint together called as	* 1 point
○ key constraint	
O structural constraint	
O domain constraint	
entity constraint	
Find the Odd one: *	1 point
	i point
O Intension	
() Table	
Relation	
O Entity Type	
O Attribute	
The view of total Database content is: *	1 point
O Internal View	
O Physical View	
Conceptual View	
DBMS will help in Controlling Redundancy *	1 point
O True	
○ False	
The cardinality ratio for binary relationship specifies the	* 1 point
DRMS will provide pareietant starses for program Objects *	4
Solvis will provides persistent storage for program objects *	i point
O True	
() False	
In a Application both Date of Birth and Age of a person is used. Which of	* 1 point
the Following is Correct:	
O Both Date of Birth and Age are Derived Attributes	
 Dath Data of Dirth and Ass are Clared Attributes 	



Questions Responses 67 Settings

Total points: 30 67 responses T View in Sheets : Accepting responses Question Individual Summary Insights Average 24.21 / 30 points Median 24 / 30 points Range 8 - 29 points



Frequently missed questions ②

Question	Correct responses
Find the Odd one:	14 / 67
Which of the following is NOT the description of the Database :	32 / 67
Number of Employees in a Company is an example for	14 / 67

Scores		Release scores
Email	Score / 30	Score released
leelagowda17028@gmail.com	24	Nov 18 3:16 PM
jsuchitrarbhatagni@gmail.com	14	Nov 18 3:16 PM
shobhitarajanna3@gmail.com	8	Nov 18 3:16 PM
4jn20cs401chandan@gmail.com	26	Nov 18 3:16 PM
mohan@jnnce.ac.in	25	Nov 18 3:16 PM
4jn19cs096sinchananoolee@gmail.com	21	Nov 18 3:16 PM
shoaibsayed0@gmail.com	14	Nov 18 3:16 PM
4jn19cs066pavanakp@gmail.com	24	Nov 18 3:16 PM

USN

67 responses

4JN20CS404 4JN19CS106 4JN18CS090 4JN20CS401 4JN 4JN19CS096 0

:

4JN19CS066		
4JN19CS100		
Name 67 responses		
Leelavathi s		
Suchitra R Bhat Agni		11
Shobhita G R		
Chandan Singh		
Mohan		
Sinchana Noolee		
Shoaib kaleem sayad		
Pavana K P		
Sneha HM		

DBMS Quiz-1

4JN19CS090







20

30

40

Сору

-58 (86.6%)

No Two Student Entities can have same USN value. This Statement in DBMS is a: $58\,/\,67$ correct responses

10

-2 (3%)

0

Constraints of a Relation

✓ Constraint

0

0

0

0



60

80

20

0

Values for an attribute of a Tuple is selected from a _____.

User responsible for authorizing access to the database is _____.

DBMS will help in Controlling Redundancy Copy 66 / 67 correct responses

The capacity to change the conceptual schema without having to change the external Copy schemas and their application programs.

0

0

Address Attribute is an example for _____. 57 / 67 correct responses ✓ Composite Attribute Multivalued Attribute -8 (11.9%)

Number of Employees in a Company is an example for _____. 14 / 67 correct responses

The cardinality ratio and participation constraint together called as ______63 / 67 correct responses

key constraint -1 (1.5%)

0

0

Сору

-57 (85.1%)

Сору

Сору

w	(2) WhatsApp X M Inbox (5,585) -	vedanandade@jn 🗙 📔 🔚 DAA_Mod4 Quiz - Google F	orms 🗙 🛛 🔚 DAA_Mod4_Quizz	× ∷≣ DAA_Mod4 Quiz - Googl	le Forms × 🕂	-	- 0	×
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-		Question	ns Responses 70 Settings	Total points: 1	0			
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		Insights						
		Average 7.59 / 10 points	Median 8 / 10 points	Range 3 - 10 points				
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Subject:ETM (Mrs. Pushpa R N)

#	Question	Question Type	Question Accuracy	Average Time per Question (mm:ss)	Correct	Yet to be graded	Partially correct	Incorrect	Ungraded	Unattempted
1	Which of the following is true about Princip	Multiple Choice	86%	00:19	32	0	0	3	0	2
2	Which of the following best describes the P	Multiple Choice	86%	00:19	32	0	0	3	0	2
3	The principles of management serve as a ge	Multiple Choice	84%	00:15	31	0	0	4	0	2
4	components of Direction in management	Multiple Choice	95%	00:10	35	0	0	0	0	2
5	Management skills involves ?	Multiple Choice	95%	00:07	35	0	0	0	0	2
6	Management satisfies what characteristics	Multiple Choice	76%	00:15	28	0	0	7	0	2
7	Management is	Multiple Choice	92%	00:10	34	0	0	2	0	1
8	The first and foremost function of managem	Multiple Choice	89%	00:11	33	0	0	2	0	2
9	Goals, aims, purposes, missions and target	Multiple Choice	84%	00:14	31	0	0	4	0	2
10	The process of establishing a time sequence	Multiple Choice	78%	00:15	29	0	0	7	0	1
			86%	02:02	320			32		18

Quizizz

View Player Data

View Time Data

View Summary

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#	Question	Question Type	Question Accuracy	Average Time per Question (mm:ss)
1	Which of the following is true about Principle	Multiple Choice	86%	00:19
2	Which of the following best describes the Prir	Multiple Choice	86%	00:19
3	The principles of management serve as a gene	Multiple Choice	84%	00:15
4	components of Direction in management	Multiple Choice	95%	00:10
5	Management skills involves ?	Multiple Choice	95%	00:07
6	Management satisfies what characteristics of	Multiple Choice	76%	00:15
7	Management is	Multiple Choice	92%	00:10
8	The first and foremost function of management	Multiple Choice	89%	00:11
9	Goals, aims, purposes, missions and target is a	Multiple Choice	84%	00:14
10	The process of establishing a time sequence for	Multiple Choice	78%	00:15
			86%	2:2

Quizizz

Rank	First Name	Last Name	Attempt #	Accuracy	Score	Correct
1	Chandan	S 4JN21CS035	10	100%	10420	10
2	Jeevitha.P	4JN21CS062	10	100%	10240	10
3	Dhanyashree	В	10	100%	9970	10
4	Abhishek	H J.4JN21CS003	10	100%	9810	10
5	4JN21CS051	GANAVI A C	10	100%	9420	10
6	Inchara	D, 4JN21CS058	10	100%	9390	10
7	Anukeerthana	MB,4JN21CS02	10	100%	9280	10
8	4JN21CS030	Bharath C	10	100%	9160	10
9	4JN21CS026		10	100%	8920	10
10	Aishwarya	S G	10	100%	8860	10
11	Gurukiran	K A 4JN21CS054	10	100%	8860	10
12	4JN21CS004		10	100%	8830	10
13	4JN21CS014		10	100%	8620	10
14	Adamya		10	100%	8560	10
15	ABHISHEK	K S 4JN21CS006*	10	90%	8170	9
16	Hongirana	M 4JN21CS057	10	100%	8000	10
17	Aishwarya	K P	10	90%	7840	9
18	4JN21CS029	Atiya	10	100%	7760	10
19	Disha	D 4JN21CS046	10	90%	7710	9
20	lqra	Fayaz 4JN21CS060	10	90%	7620	9
21	Arpitha	V 4JN21CS027	10	90%	7530	9
22	4JN21CS020		10	90%	7480	9
23	4jn21cs008		10	90%	7440	9
24	Ananya	S CSE 4JN21CS022	10	90%	7340	9
25	Bhumika.H.C	4JN21CS032	10	90%	7140	9
26	Hiranmayi	S 4JN21CS056*	10	80%	7000	8
27	Abhishek	S	10	90%	6920	9
28	4JN21CS018	Akash L Naik	10	80%	6750	8
29	Aishwarya	4JN21CS013	10	80%	6600	8
30	Harshitha	M 4JN21CS055	10	80%	6560	8
31	ABHISHEK	K S 4JN21CS006	10	70%	6510	7
32	Dimple		10	80%	6460	8
33	Aishwarya	Patil HM	10	80%	6440	8
34	4JN21CS048,Divya		10	80%	6390	8

Sample quiz question paper answered by the student

DSP(18EC52) 2021-22 (odd)

	-	
	9091-98 (072)	Nome: Prating Meghahran Neik
	J.N.N COLLEGE OF ENGINE	USN: USN: USN: USN: USN: USN: USN: USN:
	CONTROL OF ELECTRONICS AND TE	LECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING
	Semester: 5-CBCS QUI	Z Data 111
	Subject: DSP (18EC52)	Faculty: Mr.Harisha S B
× 1	Determine the number of complex addition	
	a) 240 (b) 56 c)	992 d) 854
× 2	Determine the number of complex multiplications a) 32 b) 12	for the 8-point Radix-2 FFT. c) 80 d) 4
3	The Z-transform of the function $y(n) = x(n) + y(n)$	- 1) ie:
	a) $z/z+1$ b) $z/2z$	(z) z/z - 1 d) $z - 1/z$
4	The window technique whose main lobe width is	12pi/N is called:
	a) Hamming window Window	c) Kaiser d) Rectangular window. window
5	If x(n) is a real sequence and X(k) is its N-point I a) X(N-k)=X(-k) b) X(N-k)=X*(k)	DFT, then which of the following is true? c) X(-k)=X*(k) All of the mentioned
6	In Overlap save method of long sequence file	() var of the mentioned
	a) L+M+1 b) L+M	y, what is the length of the input sequence block? L+M-1 d) None of the mentioned
7	For a decimation-in-time FFT algorithm, which o	of the following is true?
/-	 Both input and b) Both input output are in and output order are shuffled 	c) Input is d) Input is in order and shuffled output is shuffled and output is in order
+ 8	What is the output of the single stage lattice filtera) $x(n)+Kx(n+1)$ b) $x(n)+Kx(n-1)$	$f(\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}))$ is the input? $f(\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n})+\mathbf{K}\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}-\mathbf{n})$ $f(\mathbf{n})+\mathbf{K}\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}-\mathbf{n})$ $f(\mathbf{n})+\mathbf{K}\mathbf{x}(\mathbf{n}+\mathbf{n})$
9	If M and N are the orders of numerator and deno how many memory locations are required in dire a) M+N+1 b) M+N	minator of rational system function respectively, then ct form-IL realization of that IIR filter? A) Min [M,N] d) Max [M,N]
10	In IIR Filter design by the Bilinear Transformation a) Z-plane to S- plane Z-plane to Z-plane	 on, the Bilinear Transformation is a mapping from c) S-plane to d) J-plane to Z-plane
X	(n)	
X(32)	$= \underbrace{3!}_{X(0)} X(0) w_{k}^{\prime}$	2-1 2-1-2 2-1

Subject: Numerical Methods and its application(17CV663)

Quiz on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (18CS753)

Quiz on Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning (18CS753)

mohan@jnnce.ac.in Switch account

* Indicates required question

Email *

Your email

USN *

Your answer

Name *

Your answer

Email *

Your answer

Quiz Questions

English sentences grammar checking comes under *

O Natural Language Processing

O Truth Maintanance Systems

O Induction

O Predicate Logic

The solution of the Travelling Salesman Problem is about finding a * 1 point

O path

🔘 state

onumber

Single value attributes means *

1 point

1 point

 \odot

O The attribute which consider unique value

O The attribute which consider multiple values

O The attribute which consider no values

O None of the options

 Which is the First Stage in Natural Language Processing * Morphological Analysis Syntactic Analysis Semantic Analysis Discourse Integration Pragmatic Analysis 	1 point
Identify the Expert Task * Speech Recognition Chess Medical Diagnosis 	1 point
Who is Father of AI ?* Alan Turing John McCarthy Dennis Ritche Elaine Rich 	1 point
Rules of the production system are of form : * x -> y xy x = y x <- y	1 point
 Which one is considered as branch of Artificial Intelligence?* Machine Learning Database Network Design Java Programming 	1 point
Rote learning is a* memorization technique based on repetition evaluation technique based on computation storage technique based on data parsing technique based on tree	1 point
In Playing Chess, Goal Position is * any position in which the opponent does not have a legal move and opp under attack to save our king from attack any position where our king is not under attack To clear all the opponent Pawns	1 point
Which one is a Mundane Task? *	1 point

Chace

O Medical Diagnosis	
Weter to Decklass scheler is successful using *	
water-Jug Problem solution is represented using ~	1 point
O State Space Tree	
O Cyclic Graph	
O Blocks	
O Predicates	
Which lest is used to determine whether a machine can think? *	1 point
O Turing Test	
O BFS	
O DFS	
O Fitness Test	
Which are by Francis 10.4	
which one is a Formal Task?*	1 point
O Speech Recognition	
O Chess	
O Medical Diagnosis	
Which Change of Network Lemmans December 1964 to start discovery of the	
which stage of Natural Language Processing refer to preceding sentences?	1 point
O Morphological Analysis	
O Syntactic Analysis	
O Semantic Analysis	
O Discourse Integration	
O Pragmatic Analysis	
In linear sequences of words are transformed into structures *	1 point
	i point
O Morphological Analysis	
O Syntactic Analysis	
O Semantic Analysis	
O Discourse Integration	
O Pragmatic Analysis	
A road control stratogy must *	1 anial
A good control strategy must "	i point
() systematic	
O All the options	
Artificial Intelligence is about*	1 point
O Putting your intelligence into Computer	
O Programming with your own intelligence	
O Playing a Game	
O Making a Machine intelligent	

Intelligence requires knowledge *	1 point
O True	
O False	
A good system for the representation of knowledge in a particular domain should possess how many properties	n * 1 point
O 4	
O 5	
O 3	
○ 6	
A copy of your responses will be emailed to the address you provided.	
Submit Page 1 of 1	Clear form
Never submit passwords through Google Forms.	
C reCAPTCHA Privacy Terma	
This form was created inside of Jawaharlal Nehru National College of Engineering. Report	Abuse
Google Forms	

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Send :

estions	Responses	81	Settings
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	Questions	Responses 81	Settings	Total points: 20
81 responses				View in Sheets
				Accepting responses
Summary		Question		Individual
🗉 Insights				

Frequently missed questions ②

Question	Correct responses
A good control strategy must	37 / 81
Which Stage of Natural Language Processing refer to preceding sentences?	<mark>36</mark> / 81

Scores	Release scores	
Email	Score / 20	Score released
spurthim0215@gmail.com	16	Jan 3 10:02 AM
mahankushaacademy@gmail.com	8	Jan 3 10:02 AM
bhumikasgaler42@gmail.com	10	Jan 3 10:02 AM
rharishma921@gmail.com	16	Jan 3 10:02 AM
ashakumarjadav2019@gmail.com	12	Jan 3 10:02 AM
swamysandy@jnnce.ac.in	8	Jan 3 10:02 AM
preethijadavk@gmail.com	18	Jan 3 10:02 AM
sangeethams134@gmail.com	17	Jan 3 10:02 AM

USN

81 responses

4JN19ET025

4 4JN19EC077 4JN19EC091 4JN18ME027 4JN19ET010 4JN19ET013 0

0

Quiz Questions

Elaine Rich

-0 (0%)

In Playing Chess, Goal Position is Сору 70 / 81 correct responses ✓ any position in which the opponent does not have a legal move and opponent king is und... -70 (86.4%) -5 (6.2%) to save our king from attack any position where our king is not under attack -6 (7.4%) To clear all the opponent Pawns -0 (0%) 0 20 40 60 80

Water-Jug Problem solution is represented using 74 / 81 correct responses

x <- y

20

30

40

50

Сору A good control strategy must 37 / 81 correct responses -37 (45.7%) cause motion —2 (2.5%) lead to a solution systematic -5 (6.2%) -37 (45.7%) ✓ All the options 10 20 30 40

0

0

0

0

0

10

Сору

75 / 81 correct responses

A good system for the representation of knowledge in a particular domain should possess how many properties

63 / 81 correct responses

English sentences grammar checking comes under 75 / 81 correct responses

 ✓ Natural Language Processing
 —75 (92.6%)

 Truth Maintanance Systems
 —1 (1.2%)
 —

 Induction
 —3 (3.7%)
 —

 Predicate Logic
 —2 (2.5%)
 —

 0
 20
 40
 60
 80

Which is the First Stage in Natural Language Processing 76 / 81 correct responses

✓ Morphological Analysis

A (4 30/)

Сору

Сору

-76 (93.8%)

Сору

0

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National Education Society ® JAWAHARLAL NEHRU NEW COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING Shivamogga - 577204 DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING <u>PEDAGOGICAL INITIATIVE REPORT</u> <u>18CV62 – APPLIED GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING</u> <u>Quiz Assignment (Academic Year 2022-23)</u> <u>6th Sem – Batch 2020-24</u> <u>Topic – Pile Foundation</u>

The students of 6 semester were given the quiz assignment on Module 5 (Pile Foundation). The quiz was conducted through google classroom on 23-06-2023. The following are the questions covered in quiz.

Quiz Link: <u>https://docs.google.com/forms/d/e/1FAIpQLScRJ-9TF_FQNbrNoR-</u> rT2zQTZL326_m6jPIRm-eXRnRNFZk9Q/viewform?authuser=0

1. Which of the following is not a characterstics of friction piles

a. The majority amount of load is tranferred through skin friction between soil and pile

b. Transmit the load through weak soil to the hard stratum

c. The ultimate load carried by the pile is mainly due to the load transferref by skin friction.

d. These types of pile generally do not reach hard stratum.

Ans: 2

2. Which type of pile is most suitable for light loads in soft cohesive soil

- a. Concrete Piles
- b. Steel piles
- c. Timber Piles
- d. Both Concrete and steel piles

Ans: c

- 3. A group of 16 piles of 600mm diameter is arranged in a square pattern with centre to centre spacing of 1.2m. the piles are 10m long and are embedded in soft clay with cohesion of 30kN/m². Bearing resistance may be neglected for the piles. Adhesion factor is 0.6. Determine the ultimate load capacity of pile group.
- a. 5428.7kN
- b. 5040kN
- c. 6040kN
- d. 4428kN

Ans: b. 5040

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- 4. A group of 9 piles with 3 piles in a row were driven into a soft clay extending from ground level to a great depth. The diameter and length of the piles were 30cm and 10m respectively. The unconfined compressive strength of the clay is 70kPa. If the piles were placed at 90cm centre to centre, compute the allowable load on the pile group. Assume F = 2.5
- a. 11740kN
- b. 3168kN
- c. 1267kN
- d. 4340kN

Ans: c. 1267kN

- 5. A 12m long, 30mm diameter pile is driven in uniform deposit of sand with angle of internal friction 40. The water table is at great depth. The average dry unit weight of sand is 18kN/m³. Using N_q=137, calculate the safe load capacity of single pile with a f=2.5, K =1.5 and angle of wall friction is 30.
- a. 2091.7kN
- b. 1057.81kN
- c. 3149.5kN
- d. 1259.8kN

Ans: d. 1259.8

- 6. A precast concrete pile of size 50 X 50cm is to be driven into clay strata whose unconfined compressive strength is 220kN/m² and adhesion factor is 0.6. the length of the pile required to carry safe working load of 450kN with factor of safety 2.5 is
- a. 6.647m
- b. 2.10.23m
- c. 2m
- d. 3.3m

ANS: a. 6.647m

- 7. Under Reamed piles are generally
- a. Driven piles
- b. Bored piles
- c. Precast piles
- d. All of the above

Ans: b. Bored Piles

- 8. In the pile foundation, which type of pile acts as columns and transmit the load through weak soil to a firm stratum at a greater depth.
- a. Footing piles
- b. End bearing Piles
- c. Friction Piles
- d. Compaction Piles

Ans: b. End bearing Piles

9. A square pile of section 30 X 30cm and length 10m penetrates a deposit of clay having c =50kN/m² and adhesion factor 0.8. The load carried by the pile shaft only

is

- a. 1920kN
- b. 750kN
- c. 600kN
- d. 480kN

Ans: d. 480kN

10. Piles are structural members made of

- a. Steel
- b. Concrete
- c. Timber
- d. All of the above

Ans: d. All of the above

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bindiyakniji gima il com	,	Jul 3 2 36 PM
incharats35@gmail.com	0	Jul 3 2:36 PM
akaşıhnarthalharthalığışmail com	7	Jul 3 2 30 PM
supercenters	3	Jul 3 2:36 PM
chirentanașnoviji ginail com	5	Jul 3 2 36 PM
amrathakademane@gmail.com	5	Jul 3 2 36 PM
mianamedity@gmail.com	8	Jul 3 2 36 PM
shubhansubbu17@gmail.com	7	Jul 3 2 36 PAI

🗈 Insights

BINDIYA K

Assistant Professor Course co-ordinator

Sall

P

HOD

Professor & Head Department of Civil Engineering J.N.N. College of Engineering, Shivamogga-577 204.

Scanned with CamScanner

National Education Society ® JAWAHARLAL NEHRU NATIONAL COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING Shivamogga - 577204 DEPARTMENT OF CIVIL ENGINEERING <u>PEDAGOGICAL INITIATIVE REPORT</u> <u>18CV54 – Basic Geotechnical Engineering</u> <u>Video Assignment</u> <u>5th Sem – 2021-22</u> Topic – Soil Structure and Clay Mineralogy

The students of 5 semesters were given the seminar topic of Soil Structure and Clay Mineralogy. They presented using power point presentation with chalk and board. They uploaded the videos in the Google classroom. They completed this activity before 10/01/2022.

Link:

https://classroom.google.com/c/NDE4OTc3NzUyOTgx/a/NDQ0Mzc3MDAzOT E4/details.

Brok Bindiva k

Assistant Professor Course Coordinator

Siac trief

Professor & Head Department of Civil Engineering J.N.N. College of Engineering, Shivamogga: \$77.264.

Scanned with CamScanner

Quizizz		
Quiz Name corrosion and electrode system	Date Tue Jul 11 2023 3:51 AM	Hosted by Chethan Chemistry
Average Accuracy 81%	Questions per Attempt 20	Number of Players 51

③ This report displays results derived from the students' best attempts.

Players

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
1	Kruthi B	21 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
2	Chethan JM	11 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
3	B.L.Maithreye B.L.MAITHREYE	10 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
4	INCHARA S	16 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
5	Jagath M D	27 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
6	Chethana T	10 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
7	Gaganpatil G V	22 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
8	Ananya.H Raj	16 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
9	Hima M	7 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
10	Abhijna S	19 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
11	Prajwal P	25 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
12	G .N.Nisarga Nisarga	27 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
13	Gagan Deep TV	34 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
14	Inchara S	6 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
15	Darshan Nv	31 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
16	Bhavana M K	6 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
17	Likhitha B S	4 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
18	Sp Kumar	34 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
19	Likhitha Likhitha	13 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
20	DEEKSHA M	20 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
21	Harsha K	31 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
22	Impana T.S.	25 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
23	Bhagath Mohan	14 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
24	Ananya P H	21 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
25	Inchara Poovaiah A	27 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
26	Hitashree S.G	11 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
27	Anvitha H M	26 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
28	Akshata Akshu	36 secs	20	100%	20 / 20
29	ΙΥΟΤΗΙ Τ Ν	21 secs	20	100%	20 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
30	Krupa U B	14 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
31	Harshitha S S	30 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
32	Kuberan A	9 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
33	dhvaneeth pbanakar	14 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
34	Likitha S	12 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
35	Amrutha M Holla	22 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
36	K P Nidhi	15 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
37	Uthpala R	74 secs	19	95%	19 / 20
38	Dhanalakshmi. S	24 secs	18	90%	18 / 20
39	Bhavana B M	94 secs	15	75%	15 / 20
40	Harsha Sangur	252 secs	13	65%	13 / 20
41	Gunjan Vjain	132 secs	13	65%	13 / 20
42	Dashami H N	188 secs	12	60%	12 / 20
43	Samruddhi Navale	203 secs	12	60%	12 / 20
44	Abhishek M N	3 secs	5	25%	5 / 20
45	Rishabh Jayaram	4 secs	5	25%	5 / 20
46	Aishwarya S	79 secs	2	10%	2 / 20
47	Ashwini S Ashu	248 secs	1	5%	1 / 20
48	Jnaneshwari R	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
49	HARSHA SB	18 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
50	HARSHA Sangur	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
51	Varun Varun	0 secs	0	0%	0/20
Nuiz Naraa	Data	Lipstad by			
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Quiz Name	Date	Hosted by			
Corrosion	Fri Jul 02 2021 7:00 PM	chethan.s.g Sg			
Average Accuracy	Questions per Attempt	Number of Players			
610/2	20	22			
0470	20	55			

③ This report displays results derived from the students' best attempts.

Players

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Score	Accuracy	Correct
1	4JN20ET036 Gujjar	19 secs	15210	100%	20 / 20
2	Varun V	11 secs	14750	85%	17 / 20
3	A M Mallikarjuna	13 secs	14840	85%	17 / 20
4	subhash chandra	8 secs	15540	85%	17 / 20
5	Meghana P Meghana Prabhakar	21 secs	12940	85%	17 / 20
6	Sannidhi TN	13 secs	13810	80%	16 / 20
7	Jeevan Jnnce	25 secs	11460	80%	16 / 20
8	Saishree P	13 secs	13650	80%	16 / 20
9	Aditi Sg	13 secs	13190	80%	16 / 20
10	shamita kamat	43 secs	11590	75%	15 / 20
11	Sneha Shidenur	6 secs	13590	75%	15 / 20
12	Nischitha r	30 secs	10180	70%	14 / 20
13	Ananya ETC	22 secs	10320	70%	14 / 20
14	Pranav swaroop K. S swaroop	12 secs	12290	70%	14 / 20
15	Bhoomika banakar	18 secs	11200	70%	14 / 20
16	Mahek Shaikh	15 secs	11590	70%	14 / 20
17	mohammed afroz	26 secs	10090	70%	14 / 20
18	Priyanka j	9 secs	12430	70%	14 / 20
19	SHIFANA FATHIMA-ETC	14 secs	10670	65%	13 / 20
20	Srinivas S	12 secs	11290	65%	13 / 20
21	Vismitha Salanke	19 secs	10210	65%	13 / 20
22	Tejashwini.D -TCE	17 secs	11050	65%	13 / 20
23	Rohini HN	29 secs	8980	65%	13 / 20
24	Inchara.J. Inchara.J.	8 secs	10610	60%	12 / 20
25	Bindu GP	19 secs	9240	60%	12 / 20
26	4JN20ET021 j	25 secs	8960	60%	12/20
27	Ankitha V	35 secs	8430	60%	12 / 20
28	Sudarshan Ramana	20 secs	8710	55%	11 / 20
29	Swathi C	7 secs	9080	50%	10 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Score	Accuracy	Correct
30	Afham Baig	10 secs	8780	50%	10 / 20
31	Priyanka N	16 secs	7640	50%	10 / 20
32	Dharithri H L	6 secs	8320	45%	9 / 20
33	Hruthik E&Tc	3 secs	3780	20%	4 / 20

Date	Hosted by	
Mon Jun 28 2021 9:15 AM	chethan.s.g Sg	
Questions per Attempt	Number of Players	
20	58	
	Date Mon Jun 28 2021 9:15 AM Questions per Attempt 20	Date Hosted by Chethan.s.g Sg Hosted by Chethan States Stat

③ This report displays results derived from the students' best attempts.

Players

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Score	Accuracy	Correct
1	Varsha C U	5 secs	23160	100%	20 / 20
2	Vachana Belgod-CSE	11 secs	22280	100%	20 / 20
3	Vanyashree JS	3 secs	22600	100%	20 / 20
4	Prajna Prakash	42 secs	18600	100%	20 / 20
5	Surya S	29 secs	19580	100%	20 / 20
6	Shreya S Bharadwaj	10 secs	18760	100%	20 / 20
7	Yashaswini l K	8 secs	20900	95%	19 / 20
8	Mohmmed Sahil	44 secs	15880	95%	19 / 20
9	Sagar SR	46 secs	18410	95%	19 / 20
10	Dhanyatha Gowda	45 secs	15650	90%	18 / 20
11	Jason W George	21 secs	15390	90%	18 / 20
12	Swathi R	35 secs	15180	90%	18 / 20
13	Suhas D.B	3 secs	16900	90%	18 / 20
14	Amrutha S	8 secs	16990	90%	18 / 20
15	samarth sammu	22 secs	17960	90%	18 / 20
16	Samarth ng	14 secs	17210	90%	18 / 20
17	Sanjana K. J	68 secs	16320	90%	18 / 20
18	Vibha GM	68 secs	13220	90%	18 / 20
19	Tanmayee Sharvani	12 secs	17700	85%	17 / 20
20	Shivansh V	13 secs	15200	85%	17 / 20
21	4JN20CS125- Ahmed	51 secs	16290	85%	17 / 20
22	Sufiyan Khan	5 secs	17120	85%	17 / 20
23	Sakshi Reddy	13 secs	17010	85%	17 / 20
24	Vineet Kowti	11 secs	17700	85%	17 / 20
25	VIJENDRA S.N	35 secs	14790	85%	17 / 20
26	Rukmini s S	8 secs	17510	85%	17 / 20
27	vishwas ss	27 secs	15880	85%	17 / 20
28	Junaidh Fardeen	8 secs	16150	80%	16 / 20
29	Vinayashree Shet	53 secs	14100	80%	16 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Score	Accuracy	Correct
30	srijan sanicum	27 secs	14270	80%	16 / 20
31	Кгира Н Т Кгира Н Т	99 secs	12170	80%	16 / 20
32	Pooja R Pooja R	46 secs	11770	75%	15 / 20
33	Yathindra M	35 secs	14050	75%	15 / 20
34	Shravya D gowda	20 secs	14290	70%	14 / 20
35	Varshitha H	66 secs	10630	70%	14 / 20
36	Manya S H	45 secs	10890	70%	14 / 20
37	Syed Ahmed	55 secs	10830	70%	14 / 20
38	Anushree E C	10 secs	12150	65%	13 / 20
39	SUCHITRA R-CSE	70 secs	11490	65%	13 / 20
40	Ruchitha S R	75 secs	9560	65%	13 / 20
41	Sanjana T.R	9 secs	12090	65%	13 / 20
42	VAISHNAVI N	98 secs	10670	65%	13 / 20
43	Bhagannagouda P	53 secs	8770	60%	12 / 20
44	Shree -CSE	5 secs	10700	60%	12 / 20
45	SIRI K S	74 secs	9490	60%	12 / 20
46	Shreya Ganapathi	22 secs	11290	60%	12 / 20
47	Kushal KN	11 secs	10630	60%	12 / 20
48	Vinayaka Kudva	108 secs	10640	60%	12 / 20
49	4JN20CS026 Deepthi	63 secs	8090	55%	11 / 20
50	Pratheek CR	33 secs	8070	55%	11 / 20
51	MANIKYA G	6 secs	10400	50%	10 / 20
52	Banushree Sarji	110 secs	7440	50%	10 / 20
53	khushi raj	40 secs	7510	45%	9 / 20
54	Manoj P	56 secs	5330	35%	7 / 20
55	SANDEEP JADHAV	22 secs	4280	30%	6 / 20
56	Deepthi B.A	0 secs		0%	0/0
57	4JN20CS096 Shraddha C S Atreya	0 secs		0%	0 / 0
58	Spandana GL	0 secs		0%	0/0

Quizizz				
Quiz Name	Date		Hosted by	
Electrochemistry	Sun Jul 10	2022 7:54 PM	Chethan Chemistry	
Average Accuracy	Total Questions	Number of Pla	yers Participant Attempts	5
77%	20	78	142	

 $\textcircled{\begin{tabular}{ll} \label{eq:constraint} \textcircled{\begin{tabular}{ll} \label{eq:constraint} \end{array}} \end{array}}$ This report displays results derived from the students' all attempts.

Questions

				Responses		
No.	Question	Time	Accuracy	Correct	Incorrect	Unattempted
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	28 secs	423%	120	6	16
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	32 secs	387%	110	14	18
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	19 secs	387%	110	13	19
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	23 secs	401%	114	8	20
5	An oxidizing agent will	19 secs	401%	114	11	17
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	31 secs	356%	101	25	16
7	In the following reaction Sn ⁺² + 2Fe ⁺³ > Sn ⁺⁴ + 2Fe ⁺² , the reducing agent is	17 secs	345%	98	28	16
	In the following reaction					
8	Sn^{+2} + 2Fe ⁺³ \rightarrow Sn ⁺⁴ + 2Fe ⁺²	22 secs	349%	99	24	19
	the oxidizing agent is					
9	Galvanic cells convert	17 secs	412%	117	9	16
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	18 secs	415%	118	7	17
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	17 secs	384%	109	12	21
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	13 secs	415%	118	4	20
13	Which are examples of reduction?	25 secs	370%	105	20	17
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	36 secs	387%	110	14	18
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	21 secs	387%	110	14	18
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	27 secs	377%	107	16	19
47		20	2770/	107	17	10

No.	Question	Time	Accuracy			
				Correct	Incorrect	Unattempted
	a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?					
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	34 secs	419%	119	4	19
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	27 secs	384%	109	15	18
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	33 secs	338%	96	29	17

Appendix - Images

Given their standard reduction potentials, $Cu^{2+}/CuZn^{2+}/Zn$ which of the species is going to be oxidized?= 0.34V= 0.34V= -0.76V

3.

1.



What reaction occurs at the	Ag ⁺ /Ag =	Ni ²⁺ /Ni =
anode?	0.80V	-0.25V

Responses

5.



An oxidizing agent will



As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number



In the following	Sn ⁺² + 2Fe ⁺³ > Sn ⁺⁴	the reducing
reaction	+ 2Fe ⁺² ,	agent is

8.

7.



In the following	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4}$	the oxidizing
reaction	+ 2Fe ⁺²	agent is

9.



Galvanic cells convert

10.



When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is



- I. Fe³⁺ becomes Fe²⁺
 - Cl⁻ becomes Cl₂ Which are examples of reduction?
- III. CrO3 becomes Cr³⁺

14.

A. $NO_2 \rightarrow N_2O_4$

II.

- B. $NO_3 \rightarrow NO_2$
- C. $N_2O_5 \rightarrow NO_3^-$
- D. $NH_3 \rightarrow N_2$

Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?



What reaction occurs at the anode?

16.

15.



Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?

20.



Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?

Players

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
1	(N Nisarga)	61 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
2	(N Nisarga*)	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
3	(Vinay K M)	48 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
4	(Shashank HN)	38 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
5	(Shashank HN*)	10 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
6	(Pratiksha Shetty)	28 secs	70	70%	14 / 20
7	(Bhuvan)	46 secs	65	65%	13 / 20
8	(Bhuvan*)	8 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
9	(Bhuvan**)	6 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
10	(Mythri S P)	25 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
11	(Mythri S P*)	12 secs	15	15%	3 / 20
12	(Mythri S P**)	8 secs	65	65%	13 / 20
13	(Mythri S P***)	18 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
14	(Mythri S P****)	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
15	(Mythri S P****)	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
16	(Nuthan S B)	63 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
17	(Saanvi BS)	51 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
18	(Saanvi BS*)	7 secs	65	65%	13 / 20
19	(Saanvi BS**)	8 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
20	(Saanvi BS***)	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
21	(PRAJWAL.KS)	32 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
22	(PRAJWAL.KS*)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
23	(PRAJWAL.KS**)	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
24	(Prajwal DG)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
25	(Prajwal DG*)	14 secs	40	40%	8 / 20
26	(Prajwal DG**)	6 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
27	(Prajwal DG***)	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
28	(Prajwal DG****)	3 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
29	(Anukeerthana MB)	29 secs	90	90%	18 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
30	(Anukeerthana MB*)	4 secs	55	55%	11 / 20
31	(Anukeerthana MB**)	6 secs	35	35%	7 / 20
32	(Anukeerthana MB***)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
33	Deepa Shree (Deepashree.M*)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
34	(Shubha H R)	12 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
35	(Raghu P R)	49 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
36	(Raghu P R*)	9 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
37	(Raghu P R**)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
38	(Syeda Shafiya Anjum)	32 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
39	(Syeda Shafiya Anjum*)	4 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
40	(Syeda Shafiya Anjum**)	3 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
41	Priyanka Kadati (Priyanka Kadati)	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
42	(Chandana D R)	46 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
43	(Chandana D R*)	6 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
44	(Nanditha N Raj)	36 secs	70	70%	14 / 20
45	(Nanditha N Raj*)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
46	(Revanth MA 4jn21cs129)	41 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
47	(Ananya.R)	67 secs	5	5%	1 / 20
48	(Ananya.R*)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
49	(Ananya.R**)	21 secs	5	5%	1 / 20
50	(Sharanya Y S)	68 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
51	(Sharanya Y S*)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
52	Pratheek T.G (Pratheek T.G*)	11 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
53	Pratheek T.G (Pratheek T.G**)	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
54	(Nisarga N)	74 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
55	(Nisarga N*)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
56	(Shridhar BG 4JN21CS157)	45 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
57	(Bhoomika p)	53 secs	60	60%	12 / 20
58	(Bhoomika p*)	8 secs	80	80%	16 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
59	(Bhoomika p**)	5 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
60	(Rehan khan)	31 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
61	(SANGAM S S)	13 secs	45	45%	9 / 20
62	(SANGAM S S*)	7 secs	40	40%	8 / 20
63	(Rashmi K S)	65 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
64	(Rashmi K S*)	6 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
65	(Rashmi K S**)	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
66	(Bhavana v)	41 secs	55	55%	11 / 20
67	(Bhavana v*)	13 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
68	(Bhavana v**)	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
69	(Sanjay PS)	39 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
70	(Prateeksha A)	48 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
71	(wawa)	2 secs	15	15%	3 / 20
72	(wawa*)	2 secs	40	40%	8 / 20
73	(Nandan H.K.)	38 secs	70	70%	14 / 20
74	SAKETH N SHET (Saketh N Shet*)	10 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
75	(Poorvi T.C)	41 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
76	(Nayana HG)	66 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
77	(Nayana HG*)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
78	(VN SUKUMAR)	45 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
79	(VN SUKUMAR*)	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
80	(Pallavi.g.v)	47 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
81	(Pallavi.g.v*)	8 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
82	(Pallavi.g.v**)	8 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
83	(Shrinidhi SR)	9 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
84	(Pramod J)	59 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
85	(Pramod J*)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
86	(Shreya k .u)	33 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
87	(Shreya k .u*)	14 secs	95	95%	19 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
88	(Jogi)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
89	(Saketh N Shet)	35 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
90	(PAREEKSHITH M)	9 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
91	(PAREEKSHITH M*)	6 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
92	(PAREEKSHITH M**)	4 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
93	(PAREEKSHITH M***)	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
94	(Patel M J)	36 secs	60	60%	12 / 20
95	(Patel M J*)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
96	(Sahana k)	54 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
97	(Sahana k*)	9 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
98	(Nikhil BN)	33 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
99	(Sumanth p s)	29 secs	50	50%	10 / 20
100	(Sumanth p s*)	11 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
101	(Om Singh)	48 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
102	(Prathima H K)	59 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
103	(Shreya g)	15 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
104	(Mohammed Waseem)	7 secs	25	25%	5 / 20
105	(Mohammed Waseem*)	6 secs	65	65%	13 / 20
106	(S Nischal 4jn21cs131)	47 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
107	(Natasha. H. N.)	33 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
108	(Natasha. H. N.*)	4 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
109	(Natasha. H. N.**)	3 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
110	(Rajath s sajre)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
111	(Swathi P Patel)	49 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
112	(Shreyas Karnik)	43 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
113	(Shreyas Karnik*)	14 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
114	(Punarvi B S)	23 secs	70	70%	14 / 20
115	(Shashwath K Rao)	22 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
116	(Shashwath K Rao*)	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
117	(Shashwath K Rao**)	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
118	(shami)	3 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
119	(Ñavaneeth Y)	58 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
120	(Ñavaneeth Y*)	12 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
121	(Rajath s sakre)	8 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
122	(Ruchitha K P)	48 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
123	(Ruchitha K P*)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
124	(Nithin B M)	41 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
125	B. Nandan H K . Cse (Nandan H.K.*)	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
126	(Deepashree.M)	70 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
127	(Sathwik S M)	38 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
128	(Sathwik S M*)	5 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
129	(Ravikant shri Biradar)	45 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
130	(Ravikant shri Biradar*)	9 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
131	(Ravikant shri Biradar**)	9 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
132	(Prathiba vm)	43 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
133	(Pratheek T.G)	40 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
134	(Vaishnavi HK)	31 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
135	(Ananya R)	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
136	(Pranathi T)	63 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
137	(Pranathi T*)	11 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
138	(Priyanka Parashuram Kadat)	44 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
139	(Ankitha G S)	20 secs	35	35%	7 / 20
140	(Monisha y c)	31 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
141	Nithin Padthare (Nithin B M*)	5 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
142	(Shivani U)	56 secs	90	90%	18 / 20



Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : N Nisarga (N Nisarga*)





No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Bhuvan (Bhuvan*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Mythri S P (Mythri S P****)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nuthan S B (Nuthan S B)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in $Cr_2O_7^{2-2}$?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Saanvi BS (Saanvi BS***)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : PRAJWAL.KS (PRAJWAL.KS**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Prajwal DG (Prajwal DG***)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect		
20	20	0		
No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
-----	---	------	--------	---
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Anukeerthana MB (Anukeerthana MB***)



Accuracy

100%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Deepa Shree (Deepashree.M*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Raghu P R (Raghu P R**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Priyanka Kadati (Priyanka Kadati)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in $Cr_2O_7^{2-2}$?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nanditha N Raj (Nanditha N Raj*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Revanth MA 4jn21cs129 (Revanth MA 4jn21cs129)



Accuracy

100%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Sharanya Y S (Sharanya Y S)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Pratheek T.G (Pratheek T.G**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nisarga N (Nisarga N*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Rehan khan (Rehan khan)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Rashmi K S (Rashmi K S**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Bhavana v (Bhavana v**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect		
20	20	0		
No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
-----	---	------	--------	---
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Prateeksha A (Prateeksha A)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : VN SUKUMAR (VN SUKUMAR*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Pallavi.g.v (Pallavi.g.v**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shrinidhi SR (Shrinidhi SR)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Pramod J (Pramod J*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	✓ approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : PAREEKSHITH M (PAREEKSHITH M***)

Total Questions< Correct</th>× Incorrect20200

Accuracy

100%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Sahana k (Sahana k)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nikhil BN (Nikhil BN)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Sumanth p s (Sumanth p s*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Om Singh (Om Singh)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Natasha. H. N. (Natasha. H. N.**)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shreyas Karnik (Shreyas Karnik*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect		
20	20	0		
No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
-----	---	------	--------	---
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shashwath K Rao (Shashwath K Rao*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : shami (shami)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Ñavaneeth Y (Ñavaneeth Y)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Ruchitha K P (Ruchitha K P)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Deepashree.M (Deepashree.M)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Ravikant shri Biradar (Ravikant shri Biradar**)



Accuracy

100%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Pratheek T.G (Pratheek T.G)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Ananya R (Ananya R)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	20	0	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Priyanka Parashuram Kadat (Priyanka Parashuram Kadat)



Accuracy

100%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Syeda Shafiya Anjum (Syeda Shafiya Anjum**)

Accuracy 95%

Total Questions< Correct</th>× Incorrect20191

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shridhar BG 4JN21CS157 (Shridhar BG 4JN21CS157)

Accuracy 95%

Total Questions< Correct</th>× Incorrect20191

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Sanjay PS (Sanjay PS)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect		
20	19	1		
No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
-----	---	------	--------	---
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : SAKETH N SHET (Saketh N Shet*)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect
20	19	1

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shreya k .u (Shreya k .u*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	19	1	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Saketh N Shet (Saketh N Shet)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	19	1	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nithin B M (Nithin B M)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	19	1	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Sathwik S M (Sathwik S M)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	19	1	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Pranathi T (Pranathi T*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	19	1	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shubha H R (Shubha H R)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	18	2	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Chandana D R (Chandana D R*)



Accuracy

90%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	✓ approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nayana HG (Nayana HG)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	18	2	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	✓ approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shivani U (Shivani U)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect
20	18	2

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Vinay K M (Vinay K M)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	17	3	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shashank HN (Shashank HN*)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect		
20	17	3		
No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
-----	---	------	--------	---
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Rajath s sakre (Rajath s sakre)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	17	3	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Monisha y c (Monisha y c)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	17	3	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nithin Padthare (Nithin B M*)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	17	3	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Bhoomika p (Bhoomika p*)

Accuracy 80%

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect
20	16	4

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Shreya g (Shreya g)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect
20	16	4

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : S Nischal 4jn21cs131 (S Nischal 4jn21cs131)



Accuracy

80%

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Swathi P Patel (Swathi P Patel)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	16	4	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Poorvi T.C (Poorvi T.C)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	15	5	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Prathima H K (Prathima H K)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	15	5	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Prathiba vm (Prathiba vm)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	15	5	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Vaishnavi HK (Vaishnavi HK)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	15	5	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Pratiksha Shetty (Pratiksha Shetty)

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect		
20	14	6		
No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
-----	---	------	--------	---
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Nandan H.K. (Nandan H.K.)

Accuracy **70%**

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	14	6	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Punarvi B S (Punarvi B S)

Accuracy **70%**

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	14	6	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Mohammed Waseem (Mohammed Waseem*)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	13	7	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Patel M J (Patel M J)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	12	8	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : SANGAM S S (SANGAM S S)

Accuracy **45%**

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	9	11	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : wawa (wawa*)



Accuracy

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Ankitha G S (Ankitha G S)

Accuracy **35%**

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	
20	7	13	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of v ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.44 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{Ni}^{2+} + 2e^- \rightarrow \mbox{Ni}(s) \ \mbox{E}^\circ = -0.23 \ \mbox{volt} \\ \mbox{The standard reduction potentials for} \\ \mbox{two half reactions are given above. The} \\ \mbox{Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at} \\ \mbox{25°C in which Fe}(s) \ \mbox{reduces Ni}^{2+} \ \mbox{is the} \\ \mbox{following.} \\ \mbox{E} = \ \mbox{E}^\circ - 0.03 \ \mbox{log} \ \mbox{[Fe}^{2+}]/[\mbox{Ni}^{2+}] \\ \mbox{What is the equilibrium constant for the} \\ \mbox{reaction below?} \\ \mbox{Fe}(s) + \mbox{Ni}^{2+} \rightarrow \mbox{Fe}^{2+} + \mbox{Ni}(s) \\ \end{array}$	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Ananya.R (Ananya.R)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	♥ Unattempted
20	1	3	16
	•	U	

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Jogi (Jogi)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	⊘ Unattempted
20	0	0	20

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : Rajath s sajre (Rajath s sajre)

Accuracy

Total Questions	✓ Correct	× Incorrect	⊘ Unattempted
20	0	0	20

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz : Electrochemistry

Date : Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM

Student : B. Nandan H K . Cse (Nandan H.K.*)

Accuracy



No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
1	Given their standard reduction potentials, which of the species is going to be oxidized? Cu ²⁺ /Cu = 0.34V Zn ²⁺ /Zn = -0.76V	5	5	✓ Zn
2	What occurs to the mass of copper electrode in the following reaction? Zn/Zn ²⁺ // Cu ²⁺ /Cu	3	5	✓ increases
3	What reaction occurs at the anode? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	13	0	× Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ \rightarrow Ni
4	What would be the theoretical cell potential of the previous electrochemical cell? Ag ⁺ /Ag = 0.80V Ni ²⁺ /Ni = -0.25V	18	5	✓ 1.05V
5	An oxidizing agent will	5	5	✓ be reduced
6	As an element is oxidized, its oxidation number	22	5	increases as electrons are lost
7	In the following reaction $Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3}> Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$, the reducing agent is	10	5	✓ Sn ⁺²
	In the following reaction			
8	$Sn^{+2} + 2Fe^{+3} \rightarrow Sn^{+4} + 2Fe^{+2}$	9	5	✓ Fe ⁺³
	the oxidizing agent is			
9	Galvanic cells convert	4	5	chemical energy in toelectrical energy
10	When water is electrolyzed, gas collected at cathode, is	49	0	× sulphur
11	Conductivity always with a decrease in concentration	34	5	✓ decreases
12	What is oxidation number of Cr in Cr ₂ O ₇ ²⁻ ?	3	5	✓ +6
13	Which are examples of reduction?	6	0	× I and II
14	Which change does nitrogen undergo oxidation?	135	5	✓ D
15	What reaction occurs at the anode?	14	5	✓ Ni → Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻
16	Which direction do the electrons flow in wire X and which metal is oxidized?	11	5	✓ D

No.	Question	Time	Points	Response
17	Which statement best describes how a salt bridge maintains electrical neutrality in the half-cells of an electrochemical cell?	19	5	It permits the migration of ✓ ions.
18	When an electrochemical cell is operating, it is	11	5	 approaching equilibrium
19	Fe ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Fe(s) E° = -0.44 volt Ni ²⁺ + 2e ⁻ → Ni(s) E° = -0.23 volt The standard reduction potentials for two half reactions are given above. The Nernst equation for a galvanic cell at 25°C in which Fe(s) reduces Ni ²⁺ is the following. E = E° - 0.03 log [Fe ²⁺]/[Ni ²⁺] What is the equilibrium constant for the reaction below? Fe(s) + Ni ²⁺ → Fe ²⁺ + Ni(s)	30	5	✓ 1.3 × 10 ⁷
20	Which of the following statements applies to the change in mass of the electrodes involved in this electrochemical cell?	8	5	 Electrode A is the cathode and it gains mass since metal ions are being converted to metal atoms which often adhere to the electrode.

Quiz Name Electrochemistry

Average Accuracy

77%

Date Sun Jul 10 2022 7:54 PM Hosted by Chethan Chemistry

Questions per Attempt

20

Number of Players

78

3 This report displays results derived from the students' best attempts.

Players
Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
1	N Nisarga	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
2	Bhuvan	8 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
3	Mythri S P	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
4	Nuthan S B	63 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
5	Saanvi BS	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
6	PRAJWAL.KS	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
7	Prajwal DG	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
8	Anukeerthana MB	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
9	Deepa Shree	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
10	Raghu P R	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
11	Priyanka Kadati	6 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
12	Nanditha N Raj	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
13	Revanth MA 4jn21cs129	41 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
14	Sharanya Y S	68 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
15	Pratheek T.G	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
16	Nisarga N	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
17	Rehan khan	31 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
18	Rashmi K S	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
19	Bhavana v	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
20	Prateeksha A	48 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
21	VN SUKUMAR	5 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
22	Pallavi.g.v	8 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
23	Shrinidhi SR	9 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
24	Pramod J	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
25	PAREEKSHITH M	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
26	Sahana k	54 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
27	Nikhil BN	33 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
28	Sumanth p s	11 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
29	Om Singh	48 secs	100	100%	20 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
30	Natasha. H. N.	3 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
31	Shreyas Karnik	14 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
32	Shashwath K Rao	7 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
33	shami	3 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
34	Ñavaneeth Y	58 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
35	Ruchitha K P	48 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
36	Deepashree.M	70 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
37	Ravikant shri Biradar	9 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
38	Pratheek T.G	40 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
39	Ananya R	4 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
40	Priyanka Parashuram Kadat	44 secs	100	100%	20 / 20
41	Syeda Shafiya Anjum	3 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
42	Shridhar BG 4JN21CS157	45 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
43	Sanjay PS	39 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
44	SAKETH N SHET	10 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
45	Shreya k .u	14 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
46	Saketh N Shet	35 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
47	Nithin B M	41 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
48	Sathwik S M	38 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
49	Pranathi T	11 secs	95	95%	19 / 20
50	Shubha H R	12 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
51	Chandana D R	6 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
52	Nayana HG	66 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
53	Shivani U	56 secs	90	90%	18 / 20
54	Vinay K M	48 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
55	Shashank HN	10 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
56	Rajath s sakre	8 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
57	Monisha y c	31 secs	85	85%	17 / 20
58	Nithin Padthare	5 secs	85	85%	17 / 20

Rank	Player Name	Avg. Time	Points	Accuracy	Correct
59	Bhoomika p	8 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
60	Shreya g	15 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
61	S Nischal 4jn21cs131	47 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
62	Swathi P Patel	49 secs	80	80%	16 / 20
63	Poorvi T.C	41 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
64	Prathima H K	59 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
65	Prathiba vm	43 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
66	Vaishnavi HK	31 secs	75	75%	15 / 20
67	Pratiksha Shetty	28 secs	70	70%	14/20
68	Nandan H.K.	38 secs	70	70%	14/20
69	Punarvi B S	23 secs	70	70%	14/20
70	Mohammed Waseem	6 secs	65	65%	13 / 20
71	Patel M J	36 secs	60	60%	12 / 20
72	SANGAM S S	13 secs	45	45%	9 / 20
73	wawa	2 secs	40	40%	8 / 20
74	Ankitha G S	20 secs	35	35%	7 / 20
75	Ananya.R	67 secs	5	5%	1 / 20
76	Jogi	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
77	Rajath s sajre	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20
78	B. Nandan H K . Cse	0 secs	0	0%	0 / 20